Table 13.14
Leukemia

5-Year Relative and Period Survival (Percent) by Race, Sex, Diagnosis Year and Age

	All Races			Whites			Blacks		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
5-Year Relative Survival	(Percent)								
Year of Diagnosis:	(I CI CCIIC)								
1960-1963ª	_	_	_	14	_	_	_	_	_
1970-1973 <sup>a</sup>	_	_	_	22	_	_	_	_	_
1975-1977 <sup>b</sup>	34.2	33.0	35.6	34.6	33.5	35.8	33.4	30.4	36.7
1978-1980 <sup>b</sup>	36.0	35.0	37.4	36.7	35.7	38.1	28.2	27.3	29.3
1981-1983 <sup>b</sup>	37.3	36.9	37.8	38.1	37.7	38.5	33.9	33.4	34.3
1984-1986 <sup>b</sup>	40.5	40.1	41.1	41.6	41.3	42.0	32.7	31.5	34.1
1987-1989 <sup>b</sup>	42.9	44.0	41.3	43.9	45.5	41.8	35.0	32.7	37.8
1990-1992 <sup>b</sup>	45.2	44.6	46.0	46.5	46.3	46.8	35.7	30.5	41.3
1993-1995 <sup>b</sup>	47.6	48.5	46.4	48.7	49.6	47.5	41.3	41.6	40.9
1996-1998 <sup>b</sup>	48.4	48.7	48.1	49.8	49.8	49.9	38.6	39.0	38.0
1999-2001 <sup>b</sup>	51.0	52.0	49.7	52.1	53.1	50.8	43.9	45.1	42.5
2002-2004 <sup>b</sup>	58.3	58.4	58.1	59.1	59.4	58.8	53.9	54.5	53.1
2005-2009 <sup>b</sup>	62.7	64.0	60.9	63.9	64.9	62.4	56.0	59.7	51.2
2010-2016 <sup>b</sup>	66.4 <sup>e</sup>	67.6 <sup>e</sup>	64.8 <sup>e</sup>	67.3 <sup>e</sup>	68.3 <sup>e</sup>	65.9 <sup>e</sup>	62.5 <sup>e</sup>	64.2 <sup>e</sup>	60.7 <sup>e</sup>
5-Year Period Survival (P	lowgont ) cd								
		CF 2	63.1	C1 F	64.8	64.0	60.6	64.1	F.C. 7
2016	64.3	65.2	63.1	64.5	04.8	64.0	60.6	04.1	56.7
5-Year Relative Survival	(Percent), 2	010-2016°							
Age at Diagnosis:	(10100110), 1	010 2010							
Ages <45	76.8	76.5	77.3	77.8	76.9	78.9	69.4	69.3	69.5
Ages 45-54	73.3	74.9	71.0	74.3	75.6	72.2	66.9	69.6	63.2
Ages 55-64	70.4	71.2	69.2	71.7	71.9	71.4	59.6	64.2	53.1
Ages 65-74	62.1	62.3	61.8	62.5	62.2	63.0	57.1	59.8	53.4
Ages 75+	43.0	42.8	43.1	43.5	42.9	44.3	35.9	40.3	32.5
Ages <65	73.8	74.1	73.3	74.8	74.7	74.9	65.6	67.6	63.1
Ages 65+	51.9	52.8	50.8	52.3	52.7	51.9	47.5	52.4	42.9

Based on End Results data from a series of hospital registries and one population-based registry.

SEER 9 areas (San Francisco, Connecticut, Detroit, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Seattle, Utah, Atlanta).
Based on follow-up of patients into 2017. Expected survival rates are derived from the U.S. Annual Life Tables.

SEER 18 areas (San Francisco, Connecticut, Detroit, Hawaii, Iowa, New Mexico, Seattle, Utah, Atlanta, San Jose-Monterey, Los Angeles, Alaska Native Registry, Rural Georgia, California excluding SF/SJM/LA, Kentucky, Louisiana, New Jersey and Georgia excluding ATL/RG). Expected survival rates are derived from life tables by socio-economic status, geography and race developed by the SEER program.

Based on follow-up of patients into 2017.

Period survival provides a 2016 estimate of survival by piecing together the most recent conditional survival estimates from several cohorts. It is computed here using three year calendar blocks (2010-2012: 0-1 year survival),

<sup>(2009-2011: 1-2</sup> year survival), (2008-2010: 2-3 year survival), (2007-2009: 3-4 year survival), (2006-2008: 4-5 years survival).

The difference between 1975-1977 and 2010-2016 is statistically significant (p<.05).

The standard error is between 5 and 10 percentage points.

The standard error is greater than 10 percentage points.

Statistic could not be calculated due to fewer than 25 cases during the time period.