

SEER Specialized Databases DATA ACCESS COMMITTEE (DAC)

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (SOP)



NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

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PURPOSE

The Surveillance Epidemiology and End Results (**SEER**) **Specialized Databases (SD) Data Access Committee (DAC)**, (**SEER SD DAC**), is responsible for assessing Requestors' credentials, their intent for the use of the data requested, and whether the study request conforms to NIH policies and procedures including consistency of the proposed research use with any data limitations. The **SEER SD DAC and/or SEER SD DAC Staff** have sole responsibility to authorize data access for Approved Users.

The SEER SD DAC oversees datasets generated by combining SEER Research Plus databases, which are non-Controlled Access Data Repository (CADR) with additional "specialized" fields. These fields generally contain more sensitive information (e.g. county codes, census tract attributes, genomic data). In addition, SEER SD DAC oversees SEER-CAHPS and SEER-MHOS I data resources both created by linking SEER data with additional attributes. Access decisions are made based on whether the requested specialized database can support the proposed research (has the data the requestor wants). The SEER SD DAC ensures that all Data Access Requests (DAR) by extramural and intramural data users proposed for SEER Specialized Databases (DBs), SEER-CAHPS and SEER-MHOS are consistent with the Data Use Agreements and any other data limitations or clauses prescribed by the data providers, database administrators, and identified on the public website for each specialized dataset.

The SEER SD DAC reviews and approves or disapproves all DARs for access to NCI/SEER controlled-access datasets for extramural or intramural investigators who request access to datasets for research purposes and NCI employees for programmatic oversight. The SEER SD DAC Staff notify the NIH Office of Science Policy (OSP) staff of significant policy deviations or violations, identify issues and suggest changes in policies or procedures.

MEMBERSHIP

The SEER SD DAC has Chair and Co-Chair who have equal and independent responsibilities. The Chairs and members are senior Federal employees of the NIH with appropriate scientific, bioethics, or human subject protections research expertise who review and approve or disapprove DARs from extramural and intramural investigators for proposed secondary research use of controlled-access datasets under the NIH Policies and program specific requirements or procedures (if any).

Currently, the SEER SD DAC is comprised of twelve (12) NCI staff members (all federal employees; of which 2 Co-Chairs, 8 voting members and 2 non-voting staff). The DAC Chairs are appointed by the DCCPS Director and DAC Members are confirmed by their DCCPS Program Associate Directors for a two (2) year term and may serve more than one term.

GUESTS

The SEER SD DAC meetings are closed meetings. Individuals with specific expertise may be invited to attend meetings or to provide written consultation on a particular matter such as learning about DAC procedures or providing consultation. These consultants may be Federal or non-Federal employees and are not voting

members of the DAC. Non-Federal consultants may provide their individual expertise to the DAC on an *ad hoc* basis and are limited to activities per the guidelines and policies of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (<https://www.gsa.gov/policy-regulations/policy/federal-advisory-committee-management/legislation-and-regulations/federal-advisory-committee-act>). Generally, these individuals are not expected to be participants in SEER SD DAC discussions. They may raise relevant points during meetings, are expected to yield the discussion to DAC members, and must have the permission of the SEER SD DAC Chairs to attend. Permission will generally be granted when the criteria for guest attendance are met.

SCOPE OF WORK

WHAT SEER SD DAC WILL DO

The SEER SD DAC reviews and approves or disapproves all requests from the research community for access to datasets assigned to them within the SEER portfolio of Specialized DBs, SEER-CAHPS, and SEER-MHOS datasets. The SEER SD DAC members and guests are expected to review and evaluate ALL DARs. Data access decisions are made based on whether the request conforms to dataset specifications, limitations, and requirements.

The SEER SD DAC members and/or staff identify DARs that require additional information or discussion, such as requests with proposed research use that appear inconsistent with the data limitations, the research intent is unclear, or there is concern about potential harm to groups or populations (i.e., stigmatization).

Submission of a DAR indicates that the requesting investigator (Requestor) and their collaborators who requested access to the data agreed to the terms and conditions in applicable Data Use Agreements (DUAs). All DUAs require that Requestors, at minimum agree to

- Not attempting to identify any individuals in SEER DBs.
- No attempt to identify any geography not specifically provided in the dataset.
- Not seeking to link case level data with any external individual level data or other SEER databases.
- Not distribute the data in any form to any entity or individual other than their research staff, trainees, or independent collaborating investigators listed in the Data Access Request.
- Report any data management incidents (DMI) to SEER.
- Acknowledge the NCI SEER DBs use in publications and presentations.

If requested, the SEER SD DAC Chairs and Staff review progress updates from approved users and prepare summary reports for the Office of Science Policy on an as-needed-basis.

The SEER SD DAC Chairs' primary responsibility is (1) managing the review of DARs for controlled-access data from designated data repositories, and (2) the oversight of data access and use practices by approved users through the review of their annual renewal of access to the approved database. Annual reporting on data access and use practices are provided by the SEER SD DAC Chairs to the NIH Office of Science Policy by request. The SEER SD DAC Chairs lead responses to data management incidents (DMIs) and communications with the

involved Principal Investigators (PI/Requestors), SEER staff, and Office of Science Policy (OSP) staff, as necessary.

WHAT SEER SD DAC WILL NOT DO

This DAC **is not** charged with:

- determining whether a dataset should be available and distributed ensuring that, before the dataset is submitted for distribution through the NIH, the requesting investigator:
 - is in compliance with any applicable Federal, State, and Local laws,
 - is in compliance with local human subjects' protections, and
 - has adequate participant consent for the proposed study; or
- evaluating the scientific merit of a Data Access Request.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The determination of conflict-of-interest is consistent with NIH definitions and policies for Program Officials as described in the NIH Policy Manual (<https://policymanual.nih.gov/2400-04>). Conflict includes, but is not limited to: scientific publication with a Requestor or co-investigator listed on a Data Access Request within three years of the submission date of the Request (excluding consortium publications with large numbers of authors, e.g., publications by all SEER PIs); supervisory relationship with a Requestor or a co-investigator listed on a Data Access Request; or listed as a Requestor or a co-investigator on a Data Access Request.

SEER SD DAC members and guests are expected to recuse themselves from, and will not be present for, discussion and voting for DARs for which they are in conflict. All identified conflicts should be documented in the SEER Specialized DBs Request System as "ABSTAIN - Conflict of Interest" and communicated to the SEER SD DAC staff.

OPERATIONS

The SEER Specialized DBs is a repository of datasets providing more data than the regular SEER non-CADR databases. The current datasets are listed at <https://seer.cancer.gov/data/specialized/available-databases/>

The SEER-CAHPS is a data resource based on linkage between SEER cancer registry data and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Medicare Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) patient surveys. Request for data can be made at <https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/seer-cahps/>

The SEER-MHOS is a data resource based on linkage of SEER data and CMS Medicare Health Outcomes Survey (MHOS) Request for data can be made at <https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/seer-mhos/>

SEER SD DAC will follow the data access standards as outlined in the NIH Controlled Access Data Repository Guidebook to adhere to "Required Security and Operational Standards for NIH Controlled-Access Data Repositories" (NOT-OD-25-159), section 3, subsection 3.2.1-3.2.3.

SEER SD DAC will verify credentials and emails.

Required Credentials to Submit a Request for Access

Requests must be submitted by a Data Access Requestor (e.g., Recipient) who meets all the following criteria:

- a. Is a permanent employee of their institution at a level equivalent to, but not limited to, that of an academic professor (e.g., assistant, associate, or non-tenure or tenure-track professor) or senior researcher. This does not include lab technicians or trainees, e.g., post-docs or graduate students.
- b. Uses an email address affiliated with their self-identified institution or corporation.
 - i. Any request submitted by Data Access Requestors with email addresses unaffiliated with their institution or corporation (e.g., Gmail) will be rejected.
 - ii. Requests from any individual with one of the following email addresses: "dnu@nih.gov" and dnu@od.nih.gov will be automatically rejected.
- c. Has direct oversight of laboratory staff and trainees.
- d. Is accountable for ensuring that the terms of access (through agreements such as DUA, DUC agreement, DTA, etc.) and the Data Access Requestor's institutional policy(ies) are followed.
- e. Only occupies one role at a time. Requests in which the Data Access Requestor, or any other Key Personnel, occupy more than one role (e.g., Institutional Signing Official or IT Director) are not allowed.

Required Credentials for Institutional Signing Official (SO)

Requests must be certified by the institution as represented by an Institutional Signing Official (SO) who meets all the following criteria:

- f. Is affiliated with the Data Access Requestor's institution or corporation.
- g. Has institutional authority to legally bind the institution or corporation in administrative matters.
- h. Uses an email affiliated with the Data Access Requestor's institution or corporation.

Email addresses unaffiliated with institutions or corporations (e.g., Gmail) will be rejected

SEER SD DAC will collect Institutional Signing Official attestations.

Institutional Signing Official (SO) Attestation of Data Access Requestor Affiliation

Requests will include an attestation by the SO that all listed Data Access Requestors fulfill the criteria below:

1. Are affiliated with their listed institution or corporation.
2. Meet the minimum criteria to qualify as a Data Access Requestor (see above)

The SO Attestation will list all Data Access Requestor's collaborators from the same institution. The SO's attestation will be collected through email initially until an automated system is developed. The attestation is incorporated in the SEER Specialized DBs DUA. The signed DUAs and attestations are uploaded and kept in the Documents section of the SEER SD Request System.

SEER SD DAC will follow the practices outlined below for collaboration on the same data request.

Requests must incorporate the following expectations for collaborators:

1. Internal collaborators, i.e., Data Access Requestors within the Data Access Requestor's same institution or corporation, must be listed on the request. No separate request will be expected from the internal collaborators.
2. External collaborators, i.e., Data Access Requestors outside of the Data Access Requestor's institution or corporation, must be authenticated and sign the SEER Specialized DB DUA and provide to the requestor for upload to SEER Specialized DBs Request system. The SO of the collaborator must be authenticated and sign DUA/Attestation document. No separate request will be expected from the external collaborators.

SEER SD DAC will review Research Use Statements.

All Data Access Requests must include a Research Use Statement detailing the following:

- Research objectives
- Study design
- Analysis plan
- Research use alignment with any data use limitations.

SEER SD DAC will track datasets accessed by data Requestors.

DATA ACCESS REQUEST (DAR)

Note: The requirements and processes for SEER-MHOS and SEER-CAHPS data access requests are posted at SEER-MHOS website (<https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/seer-mhos/obtain/>) and SEER-CAHPS website (<https://healthcaredelivery.cancer.gov/seer-cahps/obtain/required.html>).

Outlined below is the DAR for SEER Specialized databases.

The Requestor selects the specific database from the list of SEER Specialized DBs at <https://seer.cancer.gov/data/specialized/available-databases/>. The link to a specific database opens a webpage that describes the database and has a link (button) to submit a request for that DB. The requestor must have approval to access the current SEER Research Plus DBs before he/she can submit a request for a specialized DB.

SEER Research Plus DBs access can be obtained at <https://seer.cancer.gov/data/access.html>.

The data access requirements for SEER Research Plus (non-CADR DBs) are listed below.

- Institutional affiliation as supported by the Office of Data Sharing (ODS), e.g., 1) eRA Commons or 2) Department of Human Health Services (HHS) PIV cards
- Provide Signing Official contact information (must be affiliated with same institution/company)
- Valid institutional email as pulled from eRA Commons or HHS directories
- All communications concerning data requests and approval will use institutional email.

- Completed application form
- Acknowledgement of the following:
 - SEER Research Data Use Agreement
 - SEER Treatment Data Limitations
 - NCCR Data Use Agreement

The access is valid until the next release of SEER Research Plus DBs which happens in mid-April each year. At that point all users of any SEER product must renew their SEER Research Plus access in order to continue their access to a specialized DB they had approval to use.

REQUESTS TAB

NIH NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE
Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results Program

Search SEER

Home Cancer Statistics SEER Data & Software Registry Operations News & Events About SEER

Home / SEER Data & Software / SEER Incidence Database / Specialized Databases / Available Databases / Invasive Breast Cancer with Oncotype DX Recurrence Score

Invasive Breast Cancer with Oncotype DX Recurrence Score You are not logged in

SEER Specialized Databases

Available Databases

- Incidence Data with Census Tract Attributes
- Pharyngeal Cancer with HPV Status
- Prostate Cancer with Additional Treatment and Risk Stratification Fields
- Cancer Staging Over Time Fields
- Invasive Breast Cancer with Oncotype DX Recurrence Score**
- Melanoma with Decision DX Cutaneous Melanoma

This database is available only to U.S. based researchers affiliated with U.S. institutions.

These databases include Oncotype DX Breast Recurrence Score (RS)-related variables for invasive breast cancer cases. The variables were obtained through a linkage of all invasive breast cancer cases diagnosed from 2004 to 2019 in the SEER registries to Oncotype DX Breast RS test orders and results provided by Exact Sciences (formerly provided by Genomic Health). Alaska Native Tumor Registry did not participate in the linkage. Details about the linkage methods can be found in a recent journal article (1).

Approximately 1,629,000 invasive breast cancer cases were included in the linkage, of which 364,292 were linked to Oncotype DX RS test orders and results.

Variable Definitions

The specialized Oncotype DX RS fields are described below.

Access the Database

To request access this specialized database, you must already have access to the latest SEER Research Plus Data.

- If you do not have access to SEER Research Plus Data, first request [Access to the SEER data](#).
- If you already have access, use the request options below.

Required Information:

- Contact Information
- SEER*Stat Username
- Purpose and Analysis Plan

Submit a Request

Once a requestor selects “Submit a Request” the system prompts the requestor to sign in with Login.gov (extramural) or NIH Network (intramural).

The request form collects the following information:

- Name
- Organization
- Address/phone/user profile email
- Signing official name as reported and verified on SEER Research Plus request and approval
- Signing official institutional email

- Role
- Version of DB requested
- Planned use of data
- Purpose of using the data (Research question/Hypothesis)
- Study design
- Analytical plan
- Research use alignment with any data use limitations.

Some DBs may have additional Agreements and Terms of Use such as being U.S. Researcher from U.S. institution.

After the requestor submits their data request, the system creates a couple of automatic emails

- An email to the requestor acknowledging the receipt of the request.
- An email to the SEER SD DAC Chair, Co-Chair and a primary reviewer (if applicable).

SEER Specialized Databases DUA and SO attestation documentation

The requestor will download and sign the SEER Specialized Database DUA and upload to the Document section of their request.

SEER SD DAC admin will send the SEER Specialized Database DUA with incorporated attestation to the Signing Official (SO) and cc the DAC Chair, Co-chair, and data Requestor for signature. The SO returns the signed DUA/attestation form through email and DAC administrator uploads it to the system.

OVERVIEW OF THE DATA ACCESS REQUEST AND REVIEW SYSTEM

The Data Request and Review System has the following tabs and functionality:

Status	Requested By	Date Requested	Last Modified
Pending Requestor Input	Test Requestor	Sept. 19, 2023, 10:45 a.m. EDT	Sept. 19, 2023, 11:33 a.m. EDT
View Request	Comments	Internal Comments	Collaborators
	Documents	Contact Info	More ▾

‘View Request’- The reviewers can access and review the DAR through this tab.

“Comments” – This tab allows for official communication between the primary reviewer(s), requestor and DAC Chairs. Questions, clarifications, approvals or disapprovals are communicated through this tab. Posting updates by the DAC reviewer or Chair generates an email notification to the requestor prompting them to log in to the system and review the content. The requestor’s communication back notifies the primary reviewer and the two Chairs for posted updates through an email notification with prompt to log in and review the updates. Sending inquiries to the requestor is associated with changing the status of the DAR from “Pending Review” to “Pending Requestor Input”. Upon submission of the updated request, the status changes back to “Pending Review”. After review and approval of DAR for DBs that do not require IRB review, the status is changed to “Approved, Pending Final Review”. The final check is technical in nature, confirming that all requirements are met before access to the

data is provided.

For DBs that require IRB approval the status is changed to “Provisional Approval-Pending IRB review”. This status generates an email to the requestors with instructions for central IRB submission. Once the IRB letters are uploaded to the system, a final approval is granted. The disapproval of a DAR is communicated through “Denied” status.

“Internal Comments”-This allows for communication between the DAC members as well as documentation of the review and voting on DAR.

“Collaborators”- Lists collaborators who will have access to the data. All of them must have approval for access to the current SEER Research Plus DBs.

“Documents”- Provides options to upload Purpose and Analysis Plan, IRB letters, SEER Specialized DB DUA. SO Attestation or any other relevant documents.

“Contact Info”- Provides Requestor contact information.

DATA ACCESS REQUEST (DAR) REVIEW

Submission of a DAR assigns one of two statuses

1. “Pending Review”
2. “Pending Eligibility Review”. This status is associated with DBs that per agreements with data owners are allowed to be released to U.S. based researchers associated with U.S. institutions.

The DAC Chair or Co-Chair, or the primary reviewer, strive to review the request within one week.

In the case when no further questions or clarifications are needed, the primary reviewer makes a recommendation in the “Internal Comments” tab. One of the co-chairs reviews the DAR and recommendations of the primary reviewer and communicates the decision to the Requestor through the “Comments” tab.

In cases that a DAR needs additional information or clarification, the primary reviewer communicates with the Requestor and provides feedback if more information is needed or if there are data limitations that would not support the proposed research.

Typically, the review is conducted by a primary reviewer and one of the Co-Chairs, and the Chair communicates the approval status.

DARs that meet the following scenarios require review by DAC members at bi-monthly meetings with at least 3 voting members available to vote.

- DARs that are for sensitive data (e.g. DBs with county codes or genetic data),
- DARs that need additional expertise,
- DARs associated with COI,
- DARs in which the primary reviewer expressed concerns.

All review discussions and voting are documented in the “Internal Comments” section and communication of the final decision to the Requestor is carried out by one of the Chairs in the “Comments” section.

SEER SD DAC members who oversee SEER-MHOS and SEER-CAHPS DBs will review the data request for compliance with this SOP. They will provide the SEER SD DAC chairs their recommendations and all supporting documents for final review. SEER SD DAC chairs will communicate the review outcome to the Data Access Requestor.

EXPEDITED REVIEW

The SEER Specialized DBs are updated periodically to include the latest diagnosis years and outcomes follow-up for all incident cases included in the database. Requestors granted access to previous versions of a specialized DB may request access to the latest version of a specialized DB. If there are no changes to the purpose and analysis plan, such requests are subject to Expedited Review in which one of the DAC Chairs can grant approval. Changes to intended use of data constitute a new DAR.

ANNUAL REVIEW

SEER SD DAC approvals of data requests are for a duration not to exceed 12 months.

All requests must be re-approved through an annual renewal process that re-authenticates the Data Access Requestor and the Institutional Signing Official (SO) through a process that meets the standards.

Renewals will include the following:

- Options to update collaborators, key personnel, and datasets.
- A report of any publications or presentations using the data.
- A report of any research progress within the last year even if progress is unchanged.
- Report of any violations of the terms of access (e.g., data misuse, breaches, security incidents) and the implemented remediation.
- Report of information on any downstream intellectual property generated from the data.

Annual authentication process is associated with the release of new SEER Research Plus DBs which happens in mid-April each year. In order to maintain access to any previously-approved SEER Specialized DBs, a Requestor needs to apply for access to the new SEER Research Plus DBs following the same steps outlined in Data Access Request section on Page 7. Approval to access the latest SEER Research Plus DBs will allow the account to remain active, and the Requestor will maintain access to any Specialized DBs for one year until next release of SEER Research Plus DBs in mid-April.

One month prior to expiration date, an email with a templated annual report and close-out report will be sent prompting the Requestor to complete the report that is applicable to the status of their project and upload it in the Documents tab of the SEER Specialized DBs Request System. SEER SD DAC Chair or Co-Chair will review the report and communicate acceptance of the annual review report or follow up with clarifications/additional questions.

CLOSE OUT

Requestors with approved access to SEER Specialized DBs that did not go through the authentication process and renewal of SEER Research Plus access within 3 months will have their accounts disabled. After 6 months, if they still have not renewed access to the new SEER Research Plus DBs, the account will be deleted, and they will lose all previously obtained access to all data including any SEER Specialized Databases. At this point the project is considered closed out. Records of deleted accounts are kept in an audit trail.

Similarly, if an annual review report is not uploaded to the system before or on the expiration date, the Requestor will lose access to the SEER Specialized DB. An email will be sent to the SO to communicate Requestor's non-compliance and request data disruption.

If at an annual review, the Requestor uploads close-out report the access to the respective database will be removed.

The closeout report will include the following

- Report of publications or presentations using the data.
- Report of research progress within the last year even if progress is unchanged.
- Report of any violations of the terms of access (e.g., data misuse, breaches, security incidents) and the implemented remediation.
- Report of information on any downstream intellectual property generated from the data.
 - The institution or corporation, through SO, and the Data Access Requestor, are each signatories to the agreement and ensure that all copies and versions of the dataset(s) have been destroyed from local hardware and third-party Information Technology (IT) systems according to the [NIH Security Best Practices for Users of Controlled-Access Data \(PDF\)](#).

Data destruction communicated in writing through the "Comments" tab is required.

DATA MANAGEMENT INCIDENTS

A Data Management Incident (DMI) is defined as a violation of DUAs or approved data use. A DMI may originate from errors made during data submission or release from an NIH-designated controlled- access data repository, or when the terms of access as outlined in the DUAs or in Terms of Use are not honored. Examples of DMIs may include, but are not limited to:

- Incorrect assignment of data use limitations to datasets, either by the submitting investigator or by NIH.
- A breach of, or the potential to breach, the security measures in place to protect datasets.
- Inadvertent or intentional sharing of datasets with unapproved users.
- The use of datasets that is inconsistent with its data use limitations.
- The use of datasets that is inconsistent with the research use statement approved for secondary use.

- The sale of data.
- An attempt to re-identify individuals whose data are in a dataset.

HANDLING FOIA REQUESTS

Any FOIA requests will be directed to the NIH FOIA Office at <https://www.nih.gov/institutes-nih/nih-office-director/office-communications-public-liaison/freedom-information-act-office>.

SOP VERSION CONTROL

Version 2, 01/21/2026

Version 1 07/01/2025-Retired